

Geometry/Trig
Unit 10 – Area and Volume of Solids
Notes Packet

Day 1 Notes - Prisms

Rectangular Prism: _____

Total Area: _____

Lateral Area: _____

How do we find Total Area?

Example 1

Find the area of each face:

Front: _____

Back: _____

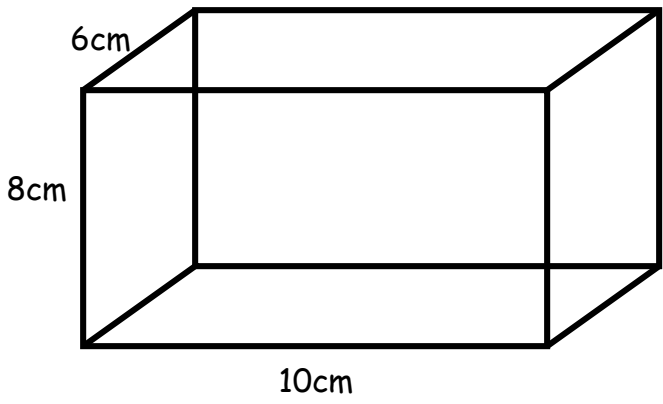
Top: _____

Bottom: _____

Left Side: _____

Right Side: _____

Total: _____



Total Area: _____

Lateral Area: _____

How do you find the Lateral Area? _____

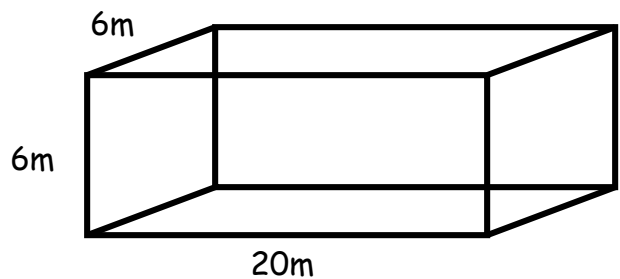
Formula for the Lateral Area of Prism: _____

Formula for the Total Area of Prism: _____

Example 2

Lateral Area: _____

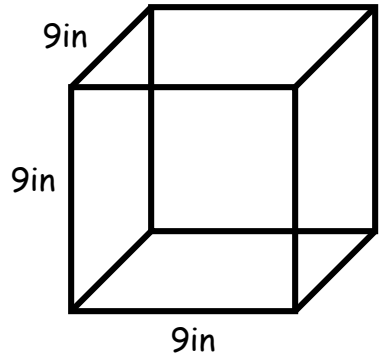
Total Area: _____



Example 3

Lateral Area: _____

Total Area: _____



Volume: _____

Units: _____

Formula for Volume of Prism: _____

Revisit Example 1: Dimensions: 6cm, 8cm, 10cm

Volume: _____

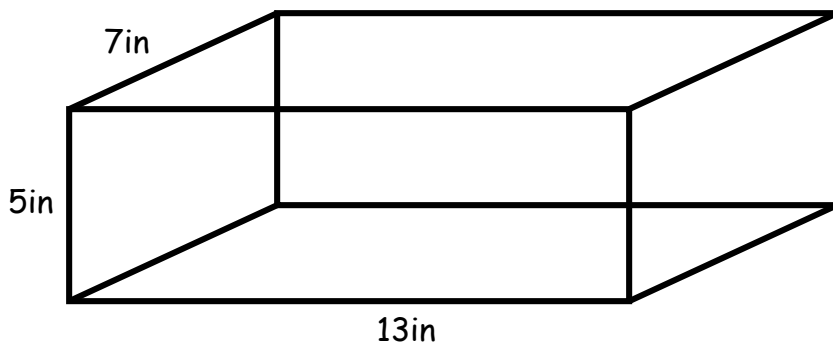
Revisit Example 2: Dimensions: 6m, 6m, 20m

Volume: _____

Revisit Example 3: Dimensions: 9in, 9in, 9in

Volume: _____

Example 4: Find the Lateral Area, Total Area, and Volume of the rectangular prism.



Lateral Area: _____ Total Area: _____ Volume: _____

$$V = Bh$$

$$\text{Volume (V)} = \text{Area of the Base} \times \text{height of the prism}$$

$$LA = ph$$

$$\text{Lateral Area (LA)} = \text{Perimeter of Base} \times \text{height}$$

$$TA = LA + 2B$$

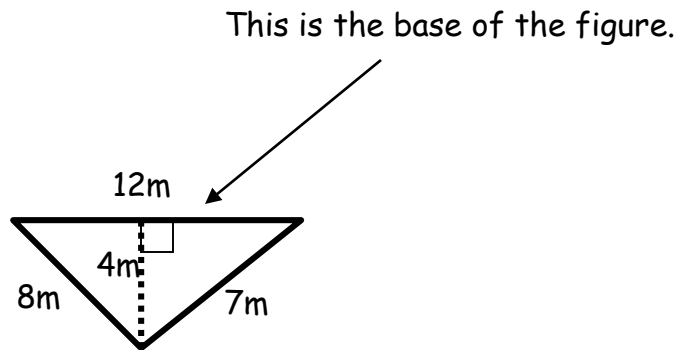
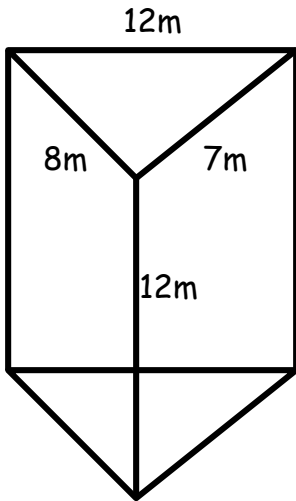
$$\text{Total Area (TA)} = \text{Lateral Area} + 2(\text{Area of the Base})$$

p = Perimeter of Base

h = height of Prism

B = Area of Base

Example 1: Find the Lateral Area, Total Area and Volume of the Triangular Right Prism.



Area of the Base:

Volume:

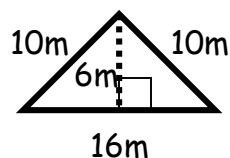
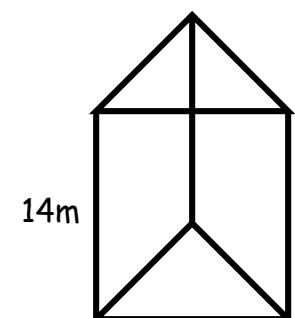
Perimeter of the Base:

Height:

Lateral Area:

Total Area:

Example 2: Find the Lateral Area, Total Area and Volume of the Triangular Right Prism.

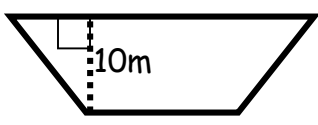
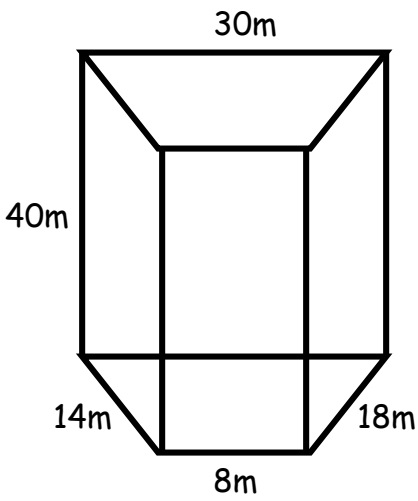


Volume:

Lateral Area:

Total Area:

Example 3: Find the Lateral Area, Total Area and Volume of the Trapezoidal Right Prism.

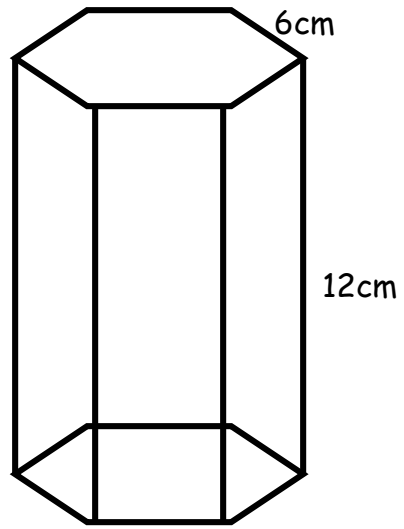


Volume:

Lateral Area:

Total Area:

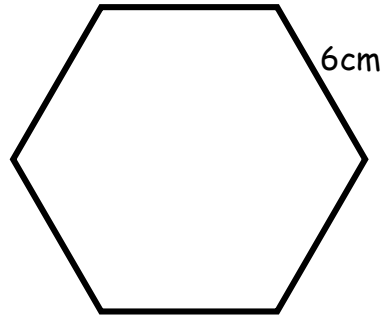
Example 4: Find the Lateral Area, Total Area and Volume of the Hexagonal Right Prism.



Volume:

Lateral Area:

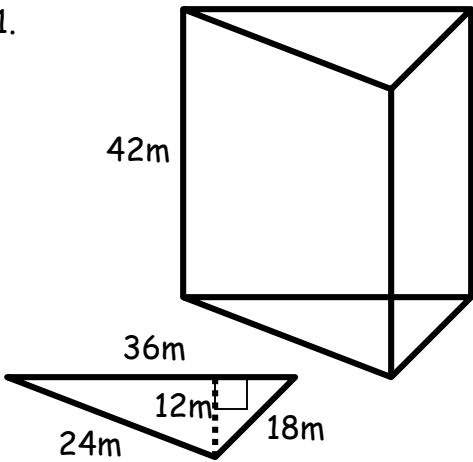
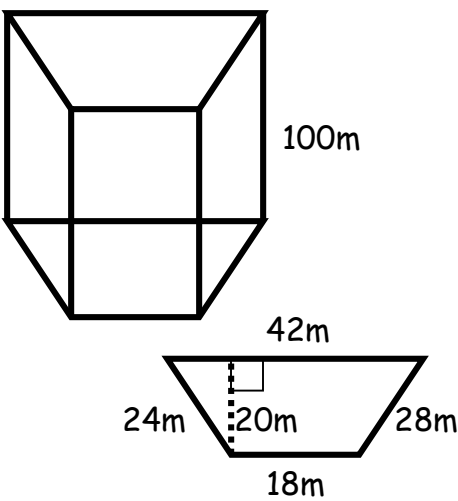
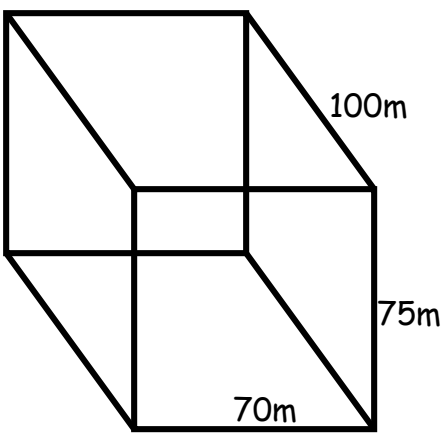
Total Area:



Base is a Regular Hexagon

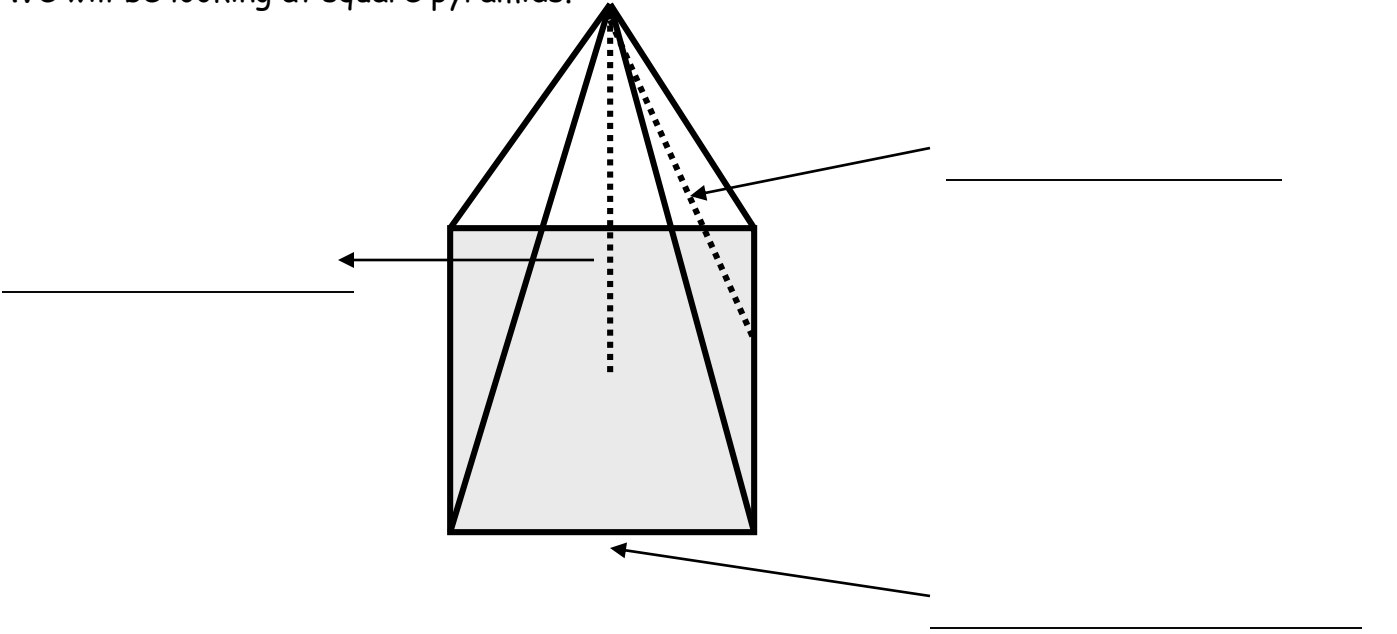
Day 1 Practice

Find the Volume, Lateral Area, and Total Area of each figure.

Figure	Volume	Area
<p>1.</p> 		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>
<p>2.</p> 		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>
<p>3.</p> 		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>

Day 2 Notes - Pyramids

Regular Pyramid - _____
 We will be looking at square pyramids.

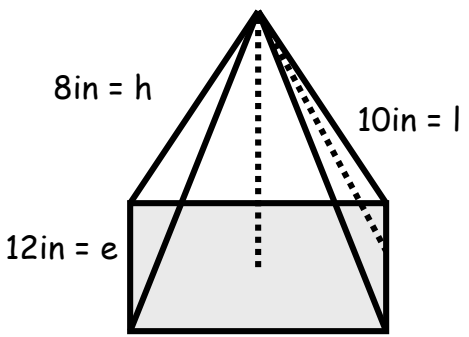


Lateral Area - _____
 Total Area - _____
 Volume - _____

Therefore, we need to find the following four pieces of information for each problem:

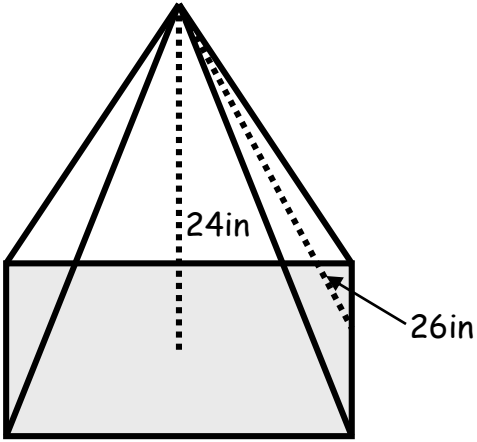
1. Area of the base - $A = e^2$
2. Perimeter of the base - $P = 4e$
3. Height - h
4. Slant height - l

Example 1 -



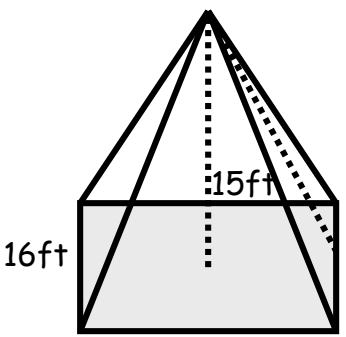
Base Edge - _____
 Height - _____
 Slant Height - _____
 Area of the base - _____
 Perimeter of the base - _____
 Lateral Area - _____
 Total Area - _____
 Volume - _____

Example 2 -



- Base Edge - _____
- Height - _____
- Slant Height - _____
- Area of the base - _____
- Perimeter of the base - _____
- Lateral Area - _____
- Total Area - _____
- Volume - _____

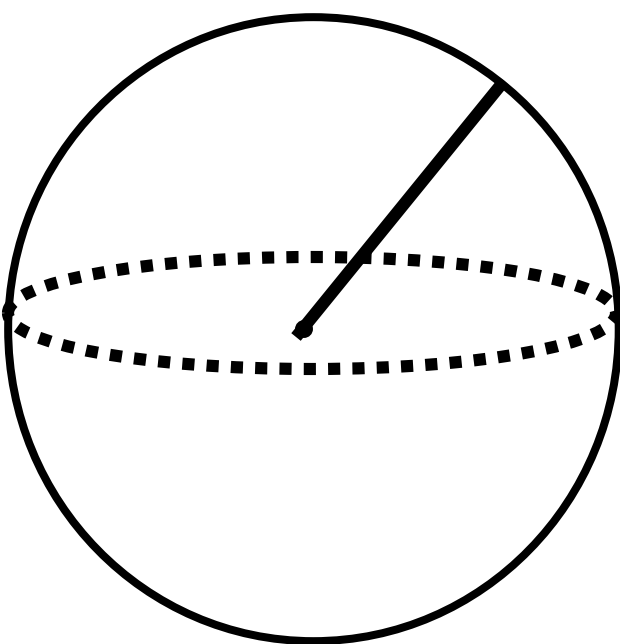
Example 3 -



- Base Edge - _____
- Height - _____
- Slant Height - _____
- Area of the base - _____
- Perimeter of the base - _____
- Lateral Area - _____
- Total Area - _____
- Volume - _____

Day 2 Notes - Spheres

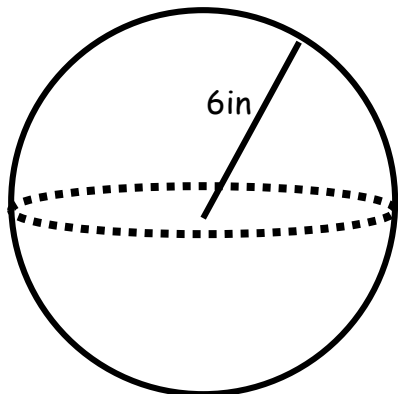
Sphere - _____



Volume - _____

Total Area - _____

Example 1 - Find the Total Area and Volume of the Sphere



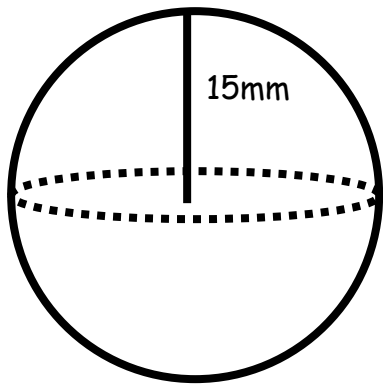
Radius - _____

Volume - _____

Total Area - _____

Day 2 Practice - Spheres

Example 2 - Find the Total Area and Volume of the Sphere



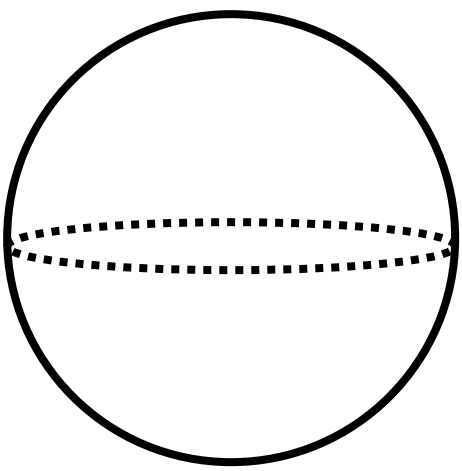
Radius - _____

Volume - _____

Total Area - _____

Example 3 - Find the Total Area and Volume of the Sphere

$$C = 20\pi \text{ in}$$



Radius - _____

Volume - _____

Total Area - _____

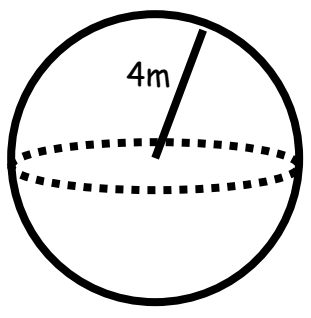
Mixed Review

Figure

Volume

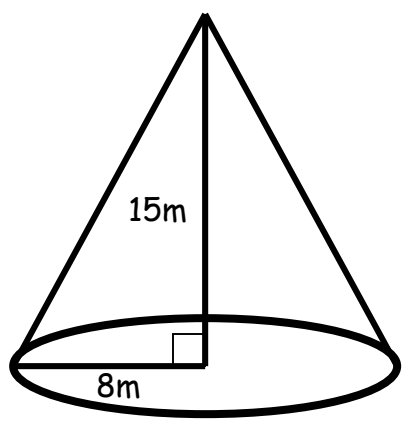
Area

1.



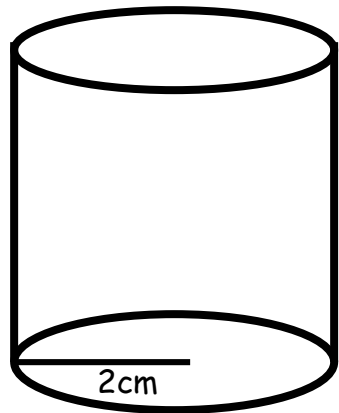
Name: _____

2.



Name: _____

3.



Name: _____

Lateral Area:

Total Area:

Lateral Area:

Total Area:

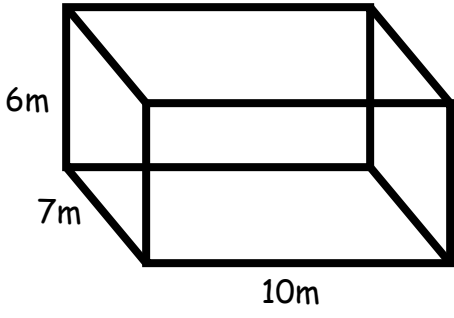
Mixed Review

Figure

Volume

Area

1.

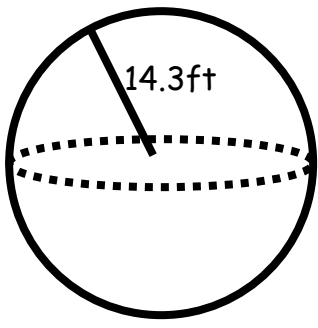


Name: _____

Lateral Area:

Total Area:

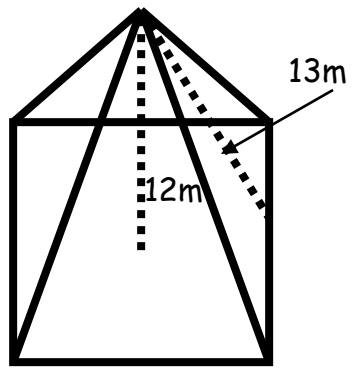
2.



Name: _____

Total Area:

3.



Name: _____

Lateral Area:

Total Area:

Day 3 Notes - Cylinders

A **cylinder** is like the right prisms except that the bases of a cylinder are _____.
The volume and total area can be calculated in a very similar manner.

In a cylinder, the formula for Volume is exactly the same. Multiply the Area of the Base (B) by the height (h). In this case the base is a circle. Recall that the area of a circle is calculated by using $A = \text{_____}$.

The Lateral Area and Total Area is calculated in a similar manner. However we must replace "perimeter of base" with _____, use _____

Formulas:

$$LA = \text{_____}$$

$$TA = \text{_____}$$

$$V = \text{_____}$$

Example 1 - Find the Total Area and Volume of the given cylinder.

Radius - _____

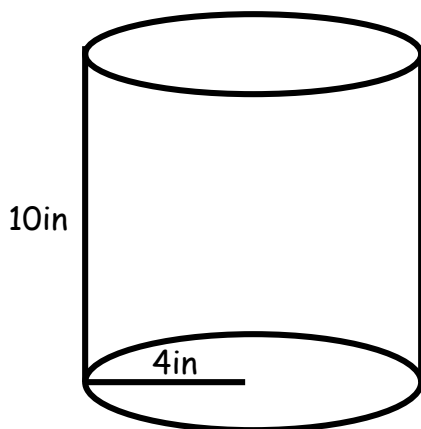
Area of Base - _____

Height - _____

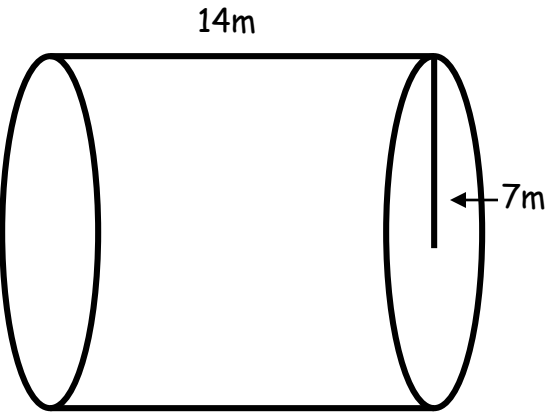
Volume - _____

Lateral Area - _____

Total Area - _____



Example 2



Radius - _____

Area of Base - _____

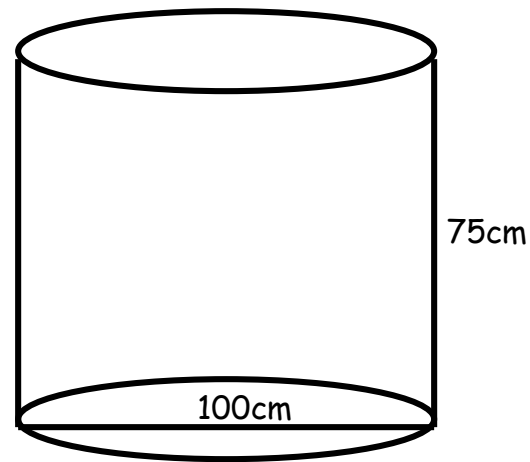
Height - _____

Volume -

Lateral Area -

Total Area -

Example 3



Radius - _____

Area of Base - _____

Height - _____

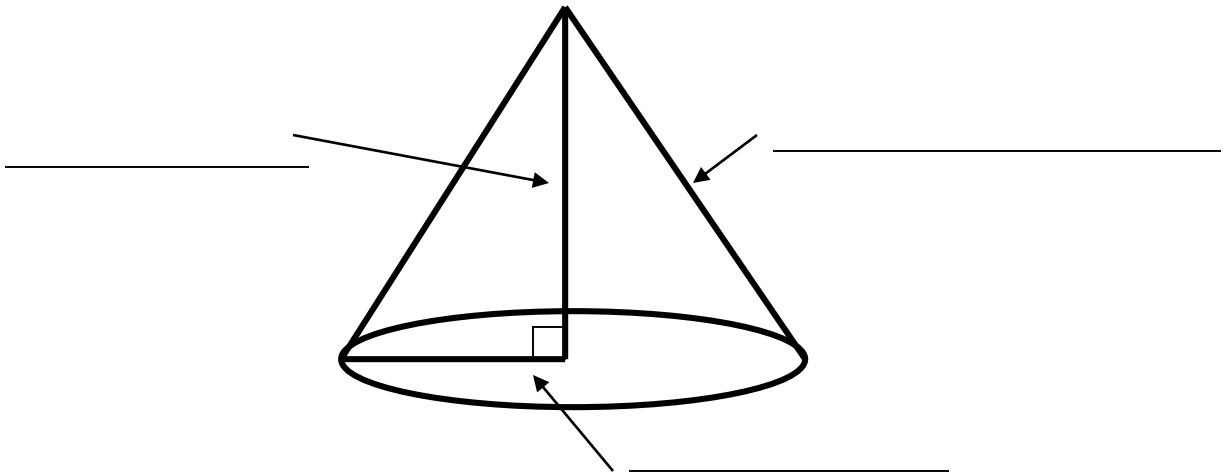
Volume -

Lateral Area -

Total Area -

Day 3 Notes - Cones

Cone - _____



Volume - _____

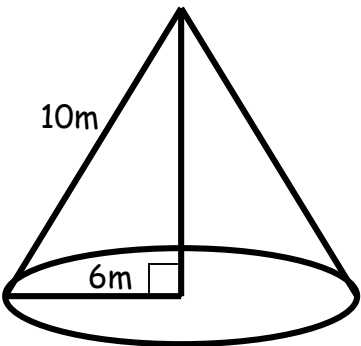
Lateral Area - _____

Total Area - _____

Therefore, now we need to find the four key pieces of information first:

1. Area of the base - _____
2. Height - _____
3. Slant height - _____

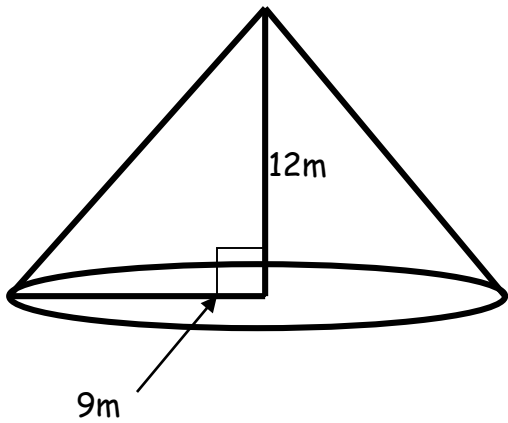
Example 1 - Find the Volume and Total Area



- Radius - _____
- Area of the base - _____
- Height - _____
- Slant height - _____

- Lateral Area - _____
- Total Area - _____
- Volume - _____

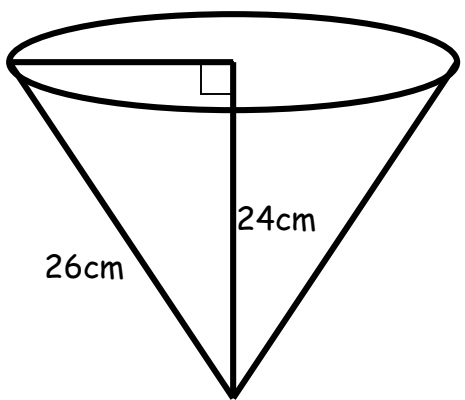
Example 2 - Find the Volume and Total Area



- Radius - _____
- Area of the base - _____
- Height - _____
- Slant height - _____

- Lateral Area - _____
- Total Area - _____
- Volume - _____

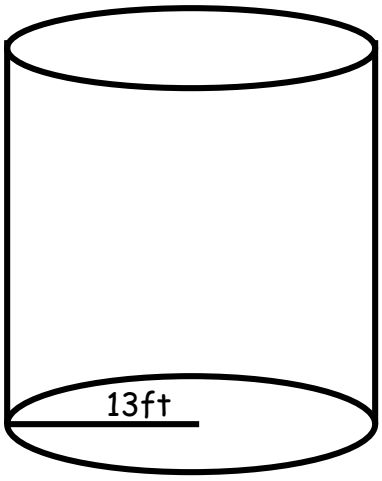
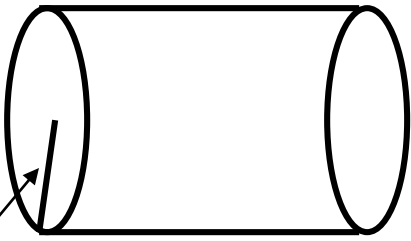
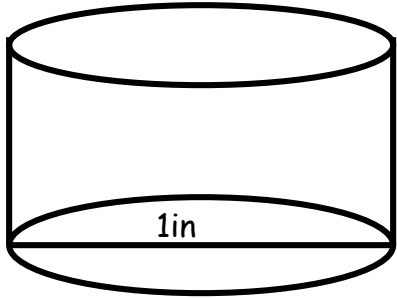
Example 3 - Find the Volume and Total Area



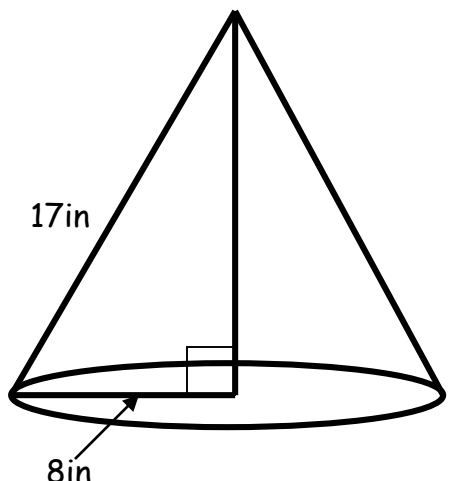
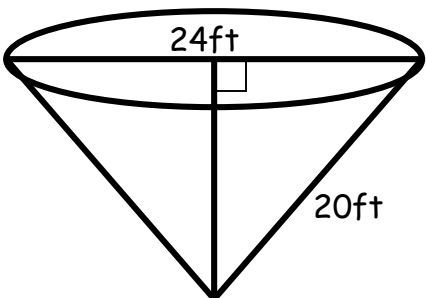
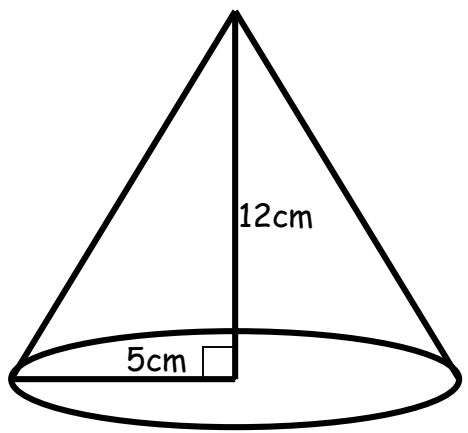
- Radius - _____
- Area of the base - _____
- Height - _____
- Slant height - _____

- Lateral Area - _____
- Total Area - _____
- Volume - _____

Cylinders Practice

Figure	Volume	Area
<p>1.</p>  <p>A right circular cylinder is shown. The height is labeled as 47ft on the right side. The radius of the base is labeled as 13ft at the bottom left, with a horizontal line segment from the center to the edge.</p>		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>
<p>2.</p>  <p>A right circular cylinder is shown lying horizontally. The length is labeled as 24ft at the bottom. The radius of the circular ends is labeled as 2ft on the left end, with a vertical line segment from the center to the edge and an arrow pointing to it.</p>		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>
<p>3.</p>  <p>A right circular cylinder is shown. The height is labeled as 5in on the left side. The radius of the base is labeled as 1in at the bottom, with a horizontal line segment from the center to the edge.</p>		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>

Cones Practice

Figure	Volume	Area
<p>1.</p> 		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>
<p>2.</p> 		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>
<p>3.</p> 		<p>Lateral Area:</p> <p>Total Area:</p>

Day 4 Notes - Similar Solids

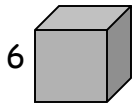
Theorem 12-1

If the scale factor of two similar solids is $a:b$, then

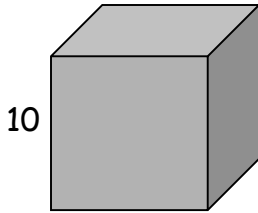
1. The ratio of their perimeters is $a:b$.
2. The ratio of their base areas, lateral areas, and total areas is $a^2:b^2$.
3. The ratio of their volumes is $a^3:b^3$

Given the solids, determine the ratio of their total areas and their volumes.

Example 1:



Cubes



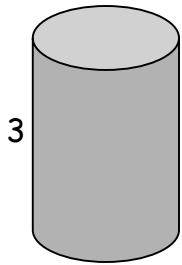
All cubes are _____.

Scale Factor: _____

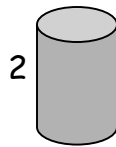
Ratio of Total Areas: _____

Ratio of Volumes: _____

Example 2:



Similar Cylinders

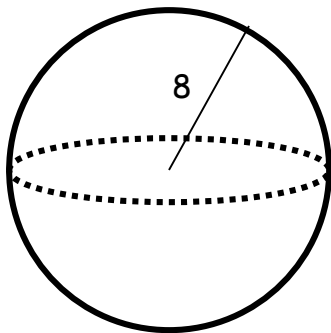


Scale Factor: _____

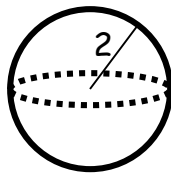
Ratio of Total Areas: _____

Ratio of Volumes: _____

Example 3: All spheres are _____.



Spheres



Scale Factor: _____

Ratio of Total Areas: _____

Ratio of Volumes: _____

1.)

2.)

3.)

Day 4 Practice

1. Two similar polygons have a scale factor of 3:5. What is the ratio of the perimeters? What is the ratio of the areas?
2. Two circles have radius lengths 4 and 12. What is the scale factor? What is the ratio of circumferences? What is the ratio of areas?
3. The ratio of areas of two squares is 9:16. What is the ratio of their perimeters? What is the ratio of their side lengths?
4. The ratio of areas of two similar polygons is 9:625. The perimeter of the smaller polygon is 12. What is the perimeter of the larger polygon?
5. The ratio of perimeters of two similar polygons is 4:15. The area of the larger polygon is 64. What is the area of the smaller polygon?
6. Two similar solids have a scale factor of 3:7. What is the ratio of their lateral areas? What is the ratio of their total areas? What is the ratio of their volumes?
7. Two spheres have diameters with lengths 10 and 20. What is the ratio of their radii? What is the ratio of their circumferences? What is the ratio of their total areas? What is the ratio of their volumes?
8. The ratio of volumes of two cubes is 27:2744. What is the scale factor? What is the ratio of lateral areas? What is the ratio of total areas? What is the perimeter of the base of the larger cube?
9. The ratio of lateral areas of two similar solids is 25:36. What is the ratio of their volumes?
10. The ratio of total areas of two similar solids is 64:81. If the volume of the smaller solid is 1024, what is the volume of the larger solid?
11. The ratio of volumes of two similar solids is 1:729. The lateral area of the larger solid is 324, what is the lateral area of the smaller solid?